



Integrated Land Use & Transit The Charlotte Story

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Atlanta Region Intercity Visit March 27, 2008



Transit Planning-The Early Years

- 1977 Long Range Transit Plan "transitways" in corridors
- 1988 Independence Blvd HOV Lane Plan
- 1989 Transit Corridor Study high capacity transit in eight corridors
- 1994 Transitional Analysis



Committee of 100 (1994)

Composition

- 100+ members from Mecklenburg County and 5 adjacent counties
- Included elected officials and business community reps

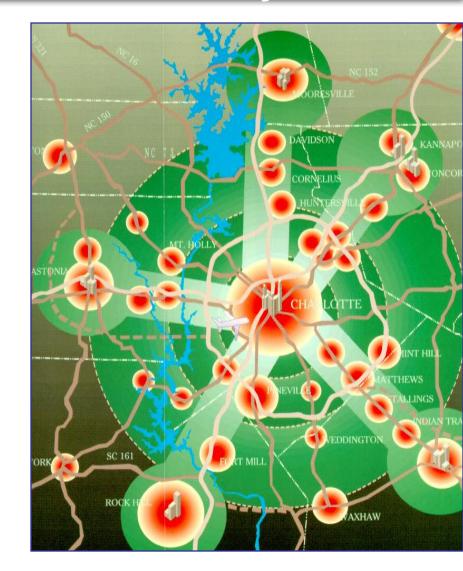
Charge

- Develop Community Consensus on Vision for Land Use and Transportation
- Define Major Revenue Sources
- Determine Organizations Structure



Committee of 100 Land Use and Quality of Life

- Long-term growth management strategies for Charlotte-Mecklenburg
- Five primary transportation and development corridors
- Transform unfocused development patterns in corridors and wedges to compact mixed-use development along corridors and in station areas





Committee of 100 Transit Alternatives

 Improve Express, Local and Regional Bus Service over next 3-5 years

 Improve and Expand Bus Service as Primary Short-Range and Long-Range Solutions

 Plan and Execute High Capacity Transit to Meet Long-Range Needs



Committee of 100 Organization Structure

Create Regional Planning/Coordination Office at Centralina Council of Governments (funded on per capita basis)

- Office plans/coordinates regional transit/high capacity transit
- State DOTs constructs roads
- Local governments implement local and express bus service improvements



Committee of 100 Revenue Sources

- Seek Enabling Legislation for up to 1% Sales Tax Authorized Locally
- Revenues Generated by Each County Must be Spent in that County
- Local Autonomy in Project Selection

Other Funding Options Considered

- Vehicle Transfer Fee
- Rental Car Tax
- Local Gas Tax
- Sin Taxes
- Land Transfer Fee



Sales Tax Advantages

Least Objectionable form of Tax/Fee

- Ease of Collection
- Generates Significant Amount of Revenue
- Applies to All
- Generates Revenue from adjacent Counties
- Grows with inflation



Committee of 100 Final Report

- Adopted by all Ring Cities
- Sales Tax implemented by South Carolina
- York County funding Highway Projects and Transit Studies with new Tax

So What Happened on the North Carolina Side?



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Committee of 10 (1996/1997)

Composition

- Chair of Committee of 100
- 2 Charlotte City Council members
- Area representatives on NCBOT
- Several key business leaders

Charge

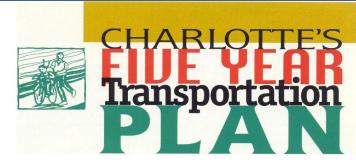
- Review and Reaffirm/Revise Recommendations of "Committee of 100"
- Determine Which Recommendations are Most Feasible and Develop Strategy for Implementation
- Collaborate with State's <u>Transit 2001 Commission</u> to Address Charlotte's Needs Through Their Proposals



Committee of 10 Results

5 Year Transportation
 Plan

- Support for "Local Option" Revenue Sources for Transit Improvements
- Led to Enabling
 Legislation for ½ Cent
 Local Option Sales Tax





Giving You More Options Than Ever

As Charlotte continues to grow, easy and convenient transportation is essential for maintaining our City's distinctive character. The Charlotte City Council has approved a five-year transportation plan designed to respond to traffic congestion and pollution while providing more options for buses, carpools, and other alternatives to cars. Funding for the plan is still being determined.

To create the five-year plan, City Department of Transportation officials surveyed hundreds of local citizens, including neighborhood group representatives, community leaders, transit riders, employers, and the general public.

They also incorporated ideas from seven commissioned studies by national experts. These studies looked at the issues and opportunities the City faces as it constructs a transportation system for the future. What is done now to improve transportation will influence Charlotte for generations to come.

The Next Step

Learning from the experiences of older metropolitian areas, Charlotte is at a critical juncture on its way to becoming a major city. This five-year plan will allow Charlotte to meet its short-term transportation needs. With the population expected to reach 815,000 in Mecklenburg County by 2015, it will be essential for neighborhood groups, employers, community leaders, transit riders, and the general public to continue building on this plan. By re-thinking a traditional "roads-first" approach, Charlotte will foster a varied transportation system that will promote its economic, social, and environmental well-being.

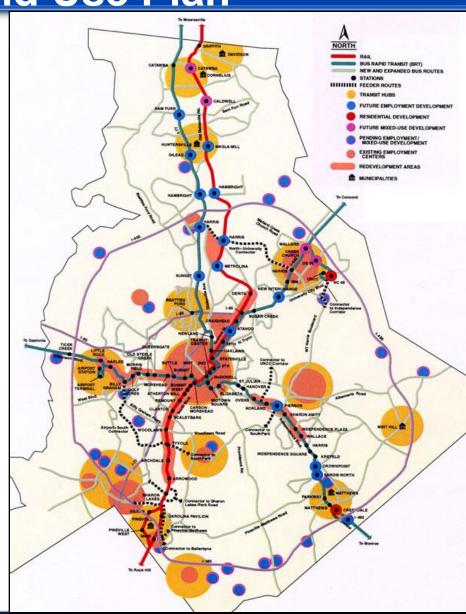




2025 Integrated Transit Land Use Plan

Goals

- Support Centers and Corridors Land Use Vision
- Provide Choices in Mode of Travel
- Develop a Regional Transit System
- Support Economic Growth and Sustainable Development





Success in 1998!

- Voter referendum on ½ percent sales use tax for public transportation on November 1998 ballot
- Promoted by Chamber and paired with \$100 million Road Bond
- Sales tax approved 58% to 42%



For Charlotte-Mecklenburg

Final Report October 1998

Transit Land-Use

Plan



Transit Governance Interlocal Agreement (1999)

Governance Structure Characteristics

- 8 equal votes amongst 8 Mecklenburg County jurisdictions
 - 1 vote each on the MTC
- Ex officio involvement of surrounding jurisdictions and State DOT's
- Chair rotation between Charlotte Mayor and Mecklenburg County Board of Commission Chair
- City Administration of transit system:
 - CATS is a City department
 - CEO reports to the City Manager
 - Administration under City policies
 - City Council approves contracting actions
- City Council and Board of County Commissioners must approve annual transit program/budget



Metropolitan Transit Commission

- Public Transit System Governing Board
 - -Provides policy direction for system development and operation
 - -Oversees management activities
- MTC Composition 23 members
 - -16 from Mecklenburg County
 - -5 ex-officio from 5 surrounding counties
 - -1 NCDOT (ex-officio)
 - -1 SCDOT (ex-officio)
- Citizen Advisory Committees
 - -CTAG (planning and finances)
 - -TSAC (service delivery)
- Governance Structure Review in 2004





Evolution of Transit Department

Pre - 1999

Bus system operated by City DOT

<u> 1999</u>

- Signing of Interlocal Agreement
- Creation of Metropolitan Transit Commission (MTC)
- Transit Department created within City (November)
- Ron Tober hired as Public Transit Director

2000

Charlotte Area Transit System (CATS) created



System Plan Development

1999

South Corridor Major Investment Study (MIS) begins

2000

- Completion of South Corridor MIS and final selection of Light Rail Transit (LRT)
- Major Investment Studies begin in four remaining corridors
- Preliminary Engineering of South Corridor LRT (November)



Light Rail Transit (LRT)

- Primarily in exclusive guideways but can operate in-street with mixed traffic
- Powered by overhead wire
- High-capacity, low-floor vehicle





Bus Rapid Transit (BRT

- •Can operate on exclusive guideways but has flexibility to leave guideway and directly serve customers
- Lower capital cost
- ·High-capacity, low-floor vehicle





Streetcar

- Typically in-street operation with mixed traffic
- Powered by overhead wire
- Mid-capacity, low-floor vehicle





Commuter Rail

- Connects suburban towns to Central Business District
- Non-electric: Uses diesel locomotives and conventional rail cars
- No overhead catenary wires
- Service focused on rush-hour commute
- Shares tracks with freight trains
- Stations 1-3 miles apart



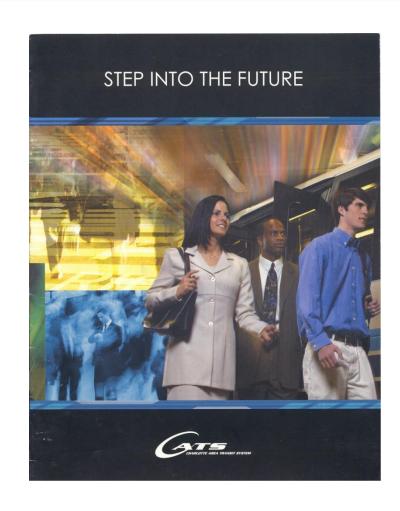




System Plan Development

2002

- South Corridor LRT receives "highly recommended" rating from FTA
- Corridor Major Investment Studies completed
 - Staff recommends 2025System Plan
 - MTC adopts System Plan with amendments
- South Corridor Preliminary Engineering completed and DEIS issued





Evaluation Factors Considered

- One size does not fit all [i.e.; one technology does not fit all corridors]
- Factors in Technology Recommendation included:
 - Ability to attract federal/state funding
 - Corridor environment
 - Ability to assemble right of way
 - Leveraging of other capital investments



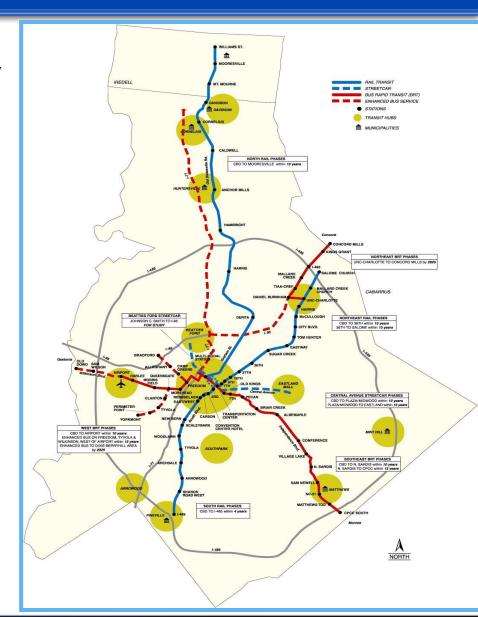
Business Committee for Regional Transportation Solutions (BCRTS)

- Business community supportive of transit
- Sponsored five ULI Panels over 2 years
- Five primary corridors studied
- Regional and corridor specific recommendations



Recommended 2025 System Plan

- •Serves 205,000 215,000 daily transit riders by 2025
- •28 miles of BRT guideway
- •21 miles of LRT
- 11 miles of streetcar
- 29 miles of commuter rail
- •Extensive network of bus and other types of transit services throughout the region





Importance of Advancing the System Plan

- Mobility needs exist now in each corridor
- Land use actions require identification of station locations and guideway alignments
- Political commitments, local support and regional development plans require advancing Plan elements in all five corridors/Center City
- All corridors will get improvements as part of the initial implementation phase



Implementation Plan

Corridor	First 10 yrs. (to 2012)	First 15 yrs. (to 2017)	By 2025
South	• LRT to I-485		
North	 Commuter rail to Mooresville Enhanced bus services on I-77 HOV lanes 		
Northeast	• LRT to 36 th St. (NoDa)	• LRT to I-485	• BRT / enhanced bus to University Research Park Area
Southeast	 BRT to N. Sardis station Central Ave. streetcar to Plaza / Midwood 	BRT to I-485Streetcar to Eastland Mall	
West	 BRT to Charlotte Douglas Int'l Airport Beginning of enhanced bus along Freedom Dr. and Tyvola Rd. 	Enhanced bus on Tyvola Rd.Enhanced bus on Freedom Dr.	 Enhanced bus on Wilkinson Blvd. west of airport
Center City	 Trade Street facilities and streetscape Trade Street Streetcar West Trade Multi-Modal Station Transportation Center improvements Beatties Ford Road Streetcar 		Center City streetcar loop



Rapid Transit/Land Use Planning

2002: Adopted 2025 Transit Corridor System Plan

2001-2005: Local jurisdictions adopted transit oriented land use and zoning practices

2003-2004: Negotiations with FTA to advance 2002 Plan; MOU signed June 2004

2004-2006: Conceptual engineering and environmental studies conducted on Corridors

- Conceptual Engineering advanced & Cost Estimates
 Developed
- Adoption of Locally Preferred Alternatives in each Corridor
- Preparation of draft environmental documents



System Plan Principles

Land Use

Transit Support the Centers & Corridors Vision

Mobility & Operations

- Support both corridor and system needs
- Serve priority travel markets
- Relate to the overall transportation system
- Integrate corridors in Center City

Environment

- Improve quality of life
- Promote air quality goals
- Minimize adverse impacts

Financial

- Achievable within reasonable timeframe
- Able to sustain operations, maintenance, and construction

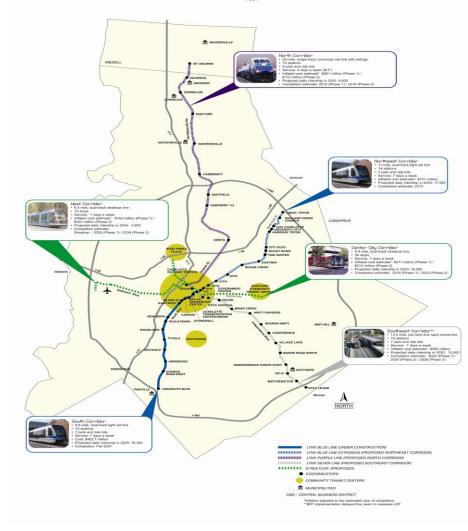




2030 System Plan

- 14 miles of BRT
- 21 miles of LRT
- 16 miles of streetcar
- 25 miles of commuter rail
- Expanded network of buses and other transit services

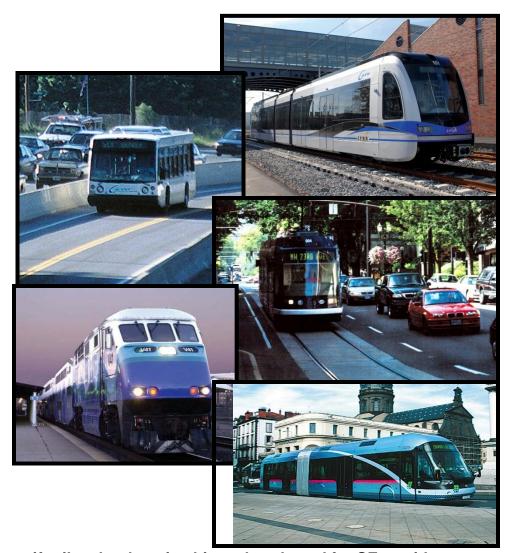
The 2030 System Plan





2030 Transit Plan Characteristics

- System ridership: 52M
- Bus fleet
 - 463 buses
 - 153 paratransit vehicles
 - 3 bus garages
- Rail fleet
 - 67 rail cars (or more)*
 - 3 shops and 4 yards
- 55 rapid transit stations
- 44 streetcar stops
- 31 park and ride lots



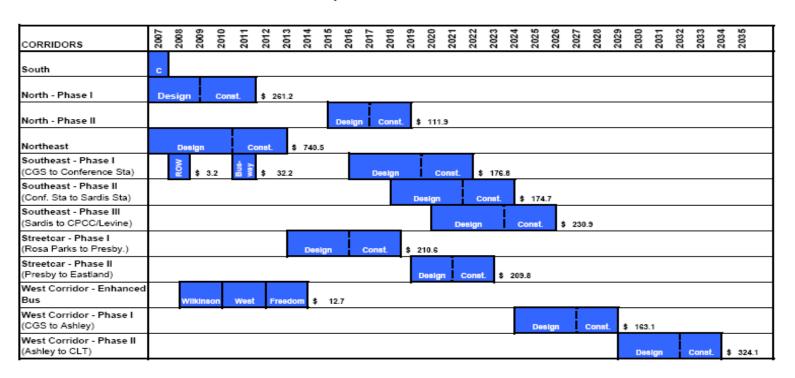
^{*} Assumes BRT on SE corridor. Rail fleet would increase if rail technology is ultimately selected for SE corridor



Implementation Plan

Attachment B

2030 Corridor System Plan Implementation Plan



CATS 11-9-06

CHARLOTTE AREA TRAVSIT SYSTEM

Charlotte Transit Plans Summary

- Investing in five corridor multi-modal rapid transit system paralleling major state highways and Interstates
- Long term investment for 50-100 years to help sustain economic growth and protect environmental quality
- Transit planning integrated with local land use planning to help concentrate growth and constrain VMT increases
- Strategy will help reduce roadway investment costs in the future



LYNX Blue Line



LYNX Blue Line Characteristics

- Opened November 24, 2007
- Uptown Charlotte to I-485
 - 9.6 miles
- 15 stations (7 park & rides)
- Operates seven days a week from 5:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m.
- Service frequency
 - Rush hour: 7.5 minutes
 - Non-rush hour: 15 minutes
- Bus/rail integration serves the Blue Line directly:
 - 20 new and modified routes







LYNX Blue Line Success!

- LYNX Blue Line ridership averaging 12,000 daily trips
 - Original projection: 9,100
 by the end of the first
 year
 - Vehicles often at capacity
 - Some Park & Ride lots at/ near capacity
- Special Events
- Exemplary Operations





CATS Ridership

76% increase since 1998

YTD system Ridership up 9.7%

January system Ridership is up 18.1% compared to last year

 LYNX Blue Line ridership averaging 12,000 daily trips (up 33% from estimates)



Development Along the LYNX Blue Line



New Bern Station 3030 South

Before



- •120 Residential Live/Work Units
- Adjacent to New Bern Station
- •1st TOD outside of SouthEnd
- •Approx. \$23M

After





Summit Grandview

Before



- •266 Residential Units
- Approx. 70,000 sf commercial
- 465 Parking Spaces
- •\$70M Project Cost

After



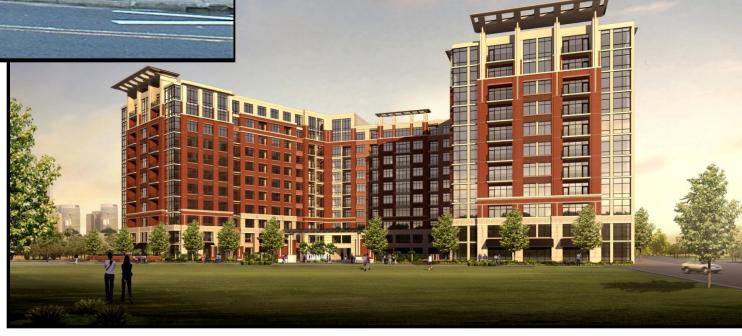


The Ashton East/West Station Area

Under Construction



- Approx. 3 acres
- •310 Rental Units
- •Approx. \$80M
- •120 DUA





The Spectrum East/West Station Area



Under Construction

- Approx. 5 acres
- •320 Rental Units
- Approx. \$45M
- •65 DUA



Hawkins Street Apartments - Charlotte, NC

Rendering of North Elevation at Leasing Area

The Morgan Group • Houston, TX 01.06094.00

February 19, 2007



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Indigence Seep - 15000 Design



Atlantic Realty East/West Station Area



Under Construction

- Approx. 4 acres
- •300 Rental Units
- •Approx. \$35M
- •75 DUA



Broad Street Partners - Tradition at New Bern Station



Under Construction



- Approx. 5 acres
- •285 Rental Units
- •Approx. \$45M
- •57 DUA





The Millenium Bland Street Station Area



Under Construction

12303201 001

- Approx. 3 acres
- •270 Rental Units
- •Approx. \$40M
- •90 DUA





Crescent Resources Bland Street Station Area



Under Construction

- Approx. 5 acres
- •360 Rental Units
- •9,000 sf
- Commercial
- •Approx. \$50M
- •72 DUA





Taxes Generated from South Corridor Development

- Projected New Tax Revenue
 - \$1.8 B Projected Investment (2005-2011)

– Tax Revenue: \$24.1M Annually

City Tax Revenue: \$ 8.5M Annually

County Tax Revenue: \$15.6M Annually

 South Corridor land parcel values increased 52% from 2000-2007 while rest of city increased 40%



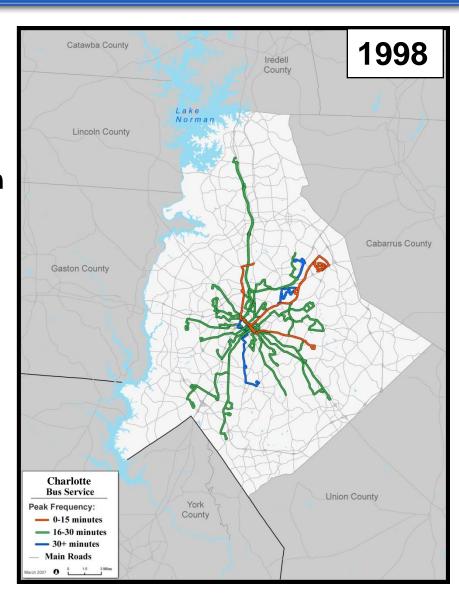
Conclusion

- There has been a shift in private sector investment patterns as a result of transit
- TOD capitalizes on investment in existing infrastructure
- TOD = additional transit ridership
- TOD generates future tax revenues from more intensive redevelopment
- TOD offers choices, especially for residential land uses



Transit System Expansion

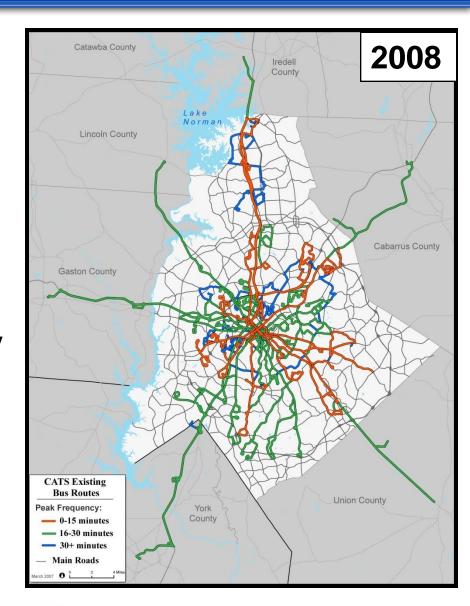
- Basically a City of Charlotte system
- Couple of express routes within Mecklenburg County
- Few neighborhood circulators
- Few customer amenities
- Limited safety/security investments





Transit System Expansion

- Expanded Service Hours
- Greater Service Frequency
- More Routes
- Countywide ADA Service
- Regional Expansion
- Improved Safety and Reliability



City of Charlotte



Customer Focused

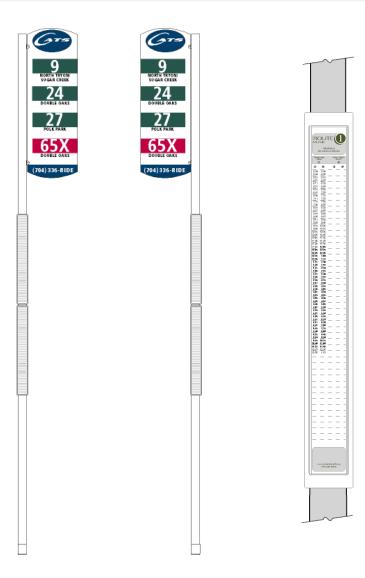
Making the Ride More Customer focused and Clean:

- 100% Accessible Fleet
- Bike Racks on 100% of fleet (including LRV)
- Cushioned and reclining seats on express routes
- Hybrid vehicles/ULSD
- Circulators
- Gold Rush





Customer Focused: Transit Amenities





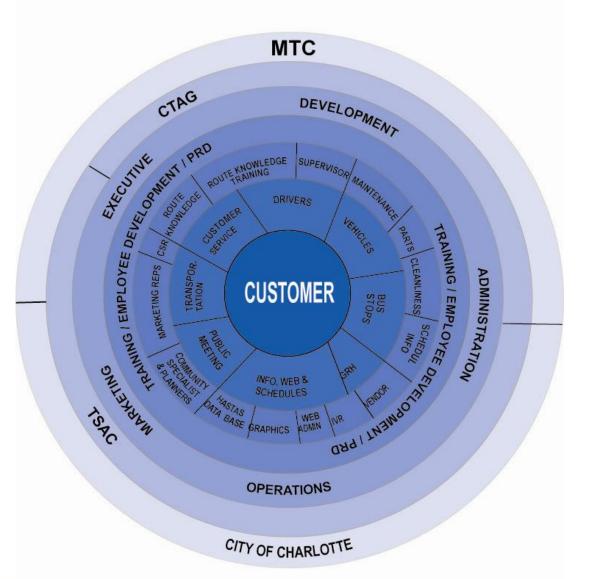
Customer Focused: Transit Amenities





Understanding the Customer

Wheel of Customer Service



Copyright: 1996 Olaf Kinard



Understanding the Customer

- Annual Market Research
 - Survey Customers and Non-riders on 40 Customer service elements
 - Rated on Importance & Performance
- Conduct over 100 public meetings & transportation fairs each year
 - Obtain input and feedback to design / adjust routes
 - Educate public on services

 Organization measured on response to customer's complaints, requests and inquiries => 95% of these are responded to in 2 days and resolved in 5 days



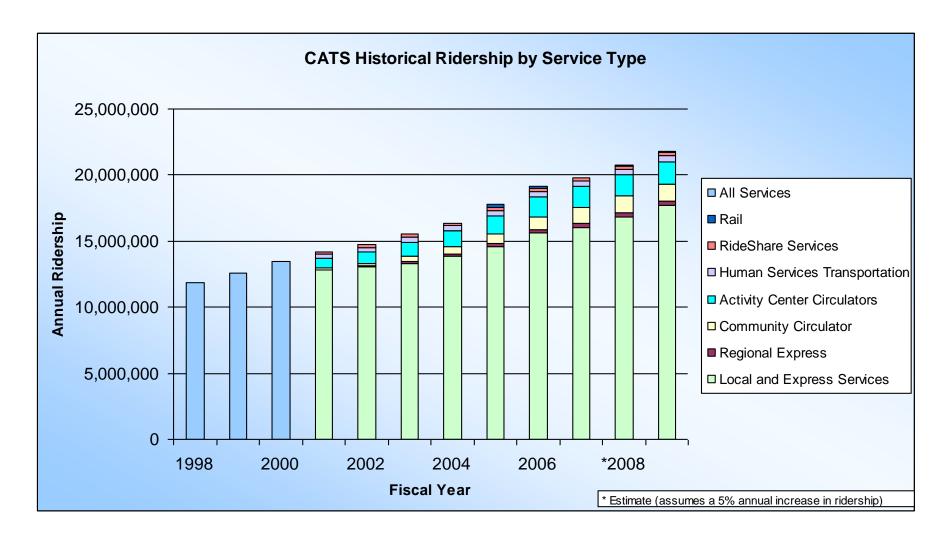
Align the Organization

- We <u>Compete</u> for Customers
- Develop Marketing & Communications Plans, annually
 - Create awareness,
 - Communicate fulfillment of promises to citizens
 - Generate ridership
 - Manage public image (tell our story first)
- Each employees' performance includes a rating on annual ridership gains
- CATS is a Brand



Since 1998 More and More Are Riding

Ridership up 67%





Thank You

www.ridetransit.org